

**parent
revision**

```
graph TD; A([parent revision]) --> B([left child revision]); A --> C([right child revision]);
```

The diagram illustrates a hierarchical structure. At the top is a rounded rectangular node labeled "parent revision". Two arrows originate from the bottom of this node, pointing downwards and outwards to two separate rounded rectangular nodes. The left node is labeled "left child revision" and the right node is labeled "right child revision".

**left child
revision**

**right child
revision**